AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application. Please amend claims 3, 19, and 22 as follows:

1. (Original) An optical recording medium comprising:

a substrate including a substrate material having a refractive index and a plurality of nanoparticles of a material having a refractive index greater than that of the substrate material and being included in the substrate material at such a density that the refractive index of the substrate is greater than that of the substrate material without decreasing the transparency of the substrate;

- a recording layer; and
- a protective layer.
- 2 (Original) An optical recording medium according to claim 1, wherein the material that forms the nanoparticles is at least one of an oxide, a nitride, a carbide, a sulfide, a selenide, a metallic element, and a non-metallic element.
- 3. (Currently Amended) An optical recording medium according to claim 1, wherein the material that forms the nanoparticles is at least one of titanium dioxide (TiO₂), magnesium oxide (MgO), yttria (YtO), zirconia (ZrO₂), silicon-exide-(SiO_x), CeO_x, alumina (Al₂O₃), lead oxide (PbO_x), carbon nanotubes, a composite of yttria and zirconia, gallium nitride (GaN), silicon nitride, aluminum nitride, zinc selenide (ZnSe), zinc sulfide (ZnS), an alloy comprising Zn, Se, S, and Te (Tellurium).

- 4. (Original) An optical recording medium according to claim 1, wherein the refractive index of the substrate is greater than 1.55.
- 5. (Original) An optical recording medium according to claim 1, wherein the substrate material comprises one of plastic, epoxy, polycarbonate, polymethylmethacrylate (PMMA), and glass.
- 6. (Original) An optical recording medium according to claim 1, wherein the nanoparticles have a diameter of less than 1,000 nm.
- 7. (Original) An optical recording medium according to claim 1, wherein the nanoparticles have a diameter of less than 500 nm.
- 8. (Original) An optical recording medium according to claim 1, wherein the nanoparticles have a diameter of less than 100 nm.
- 9. (Original) An optical recording medium according to claim 1, wherein the nanoparticles have a diameter of less than 50 nm.
- 10. (Original) An optical recording medium according to claim 1, wherein the nanoparticles have a diameter of less than 20 nm.

11. (Original) An optical recording medium according to claim 1, wherein a wt% of the nanoparticles in the substrate is less than 50 wt%.

- 12. (Original) An optical recording medium according to claim 1, wherein laser light incident upon the substrate is focused to a spot size of less than about 1.7 μm.
- 13. (Original) An optical recording medium according to claim 1 further comprising a second substrate including a second substrate material having a refractive index and a second recording layer.
- 14. (Original) An optical recording medium according to claim 13 wherein the second substrate further comprises a plurality of nanoparticles of a material having a refractive index greater than that of the second substrate material and being included in the second substrate material at such a density that the refractive index of the second substrate is greater than that of the second substrate material without decreasing the transparency of the second substrate.
- 15. (Original) An optical recording medium according to claim 13, wherein the index of refraction of the substrate is different than the refractive index of the second substrate.
 - 16. (Currently Amended) An optical recording medium comprising:

a substrate including a substrate material having a refractive index and a plurality of nanoparticles of a material having a refractive index greater than that of the substrate material and being included in the substrate material at such a density that the refractive index of the substrate is greater than that of the substrate material without decreasing the transparency of the substrate;

a recording layer having encoded information; and a protective layer.

- 17. (Original) An optical recording medium according to claim 16 wherein the encoded information is stored as a series of pits.
- 18. (Original) An optical recording medium according to claim 17, wherein the material that forms the nanoparticles is at least one of an oxide, a nitride, a carbide, a sulfide, a selenide, a metallic element, and a non-metallic element.
- 19. (Currently Amended) An optical recording medium according to claim 17, wherein the material that forms the nanoparticles is at least one of titanium dioxide (TiO₂), magnesium oxide (MgO), yttria (YtO), zirconia (ZrO₂), silicon oxide (SiO_x), CeO_x, alumina (Al₂O₃), lead oxide (PbO_x), carbon nanotubes, a composite of yttria and zirconia, gallium nitride (GaN), silicon nitride, aluminum nitride, zinc selenide (ZnSe), zinc sulfide (ZnS), an alloy comprising Zn, Se, S, and Te (Tellurium).
 - 20. (Original) An optical recording medium comprising:

a substrate;

a recording layer; and

a protective layer including a protective material having a scratch resistance and a plurality of nanoparticles of a material having a scratch resistance greater than that of the protective material and being included in the protective material at such a density that the scratch resistance of the protective layer is greater than that of the protective material.

- 21 (Original) An optical recording medium according to claim 20, wherein the material that forms the nanoparticles is at least on of an oxide, a nitride, a sulfide, and a selenide.
- 22. (Currently Amended) An optical recording medium according to claim 20, wherein the material that forms the nanoparticles is at least one of titanium dioxide (TiO₂), magnesium oxide (MgO), yttria (YtO), zirconia (ZrO₂), silicon oxide (SiO_x), silica, CeO_x, alumina (Al₂O₃), lead oxide (PbO_x), carbon nanotubes, a composite of yttria and zirconia, gallium nitride (GaN), silicon nitride, aluminum nitride, zinc selenide (ZnSe), zinc sulfide (ZnS), and an alloy comprising Zn, Se, S, Te (Tellurium).
- 23. (Original) An optical recording medium according to claim 20, wherein a wt% of the nanoparticles in the protective layer is less than 70 wt%.

- 24. (Original) An optical recording medium according to claim 20 wherein the recording layer includes encoded information.
- 25. (Original) An optical recording medium according to claim 24 wherein the encoded information is stored as a series of pits.
 - 26. (Withdrawn) An ocular device with a scratch resistant surface comprising: a matrix material having a surface;

nanoparticles dispersed within the matrix material to provide scratch resistance to the surface of the matrix material.

- 27. (Withdrawn) The ocular device according to claim 26, wherein the material that forms the nanoparticles is at least one of an oxide, a nitride, a sulfide, a carbide, and a selenide.
- 28. (Withdrawn) The ocular device according to claim 26, wherein the material that forms the nanoparticles is at least one of titanium dioxide (TiO₂), magnesium oxide (MgO), yttria (YtO), zirconia (ZrO₂), silicon oxide (SiO_x), CeO_x, alumina (Al₂O₃), lead oxide (PbO_x), carbon nanotubes, a composite of yttria and zirconia, gallium nitride (GaN), silicon nitride, aluminum nitride, zinc selenide (ZnSe), zinc sulfide (ZnS), and an alloy comprising Zn, Se, S, and Te (Tellurium).

- 29. (Withdrawn) The ocular device according to claim 26, wherein the matrix material is at least one of a plastic and a glass.
- 30. (Withdrawn) The ocular device according to claim 26, wherein the matrix material is at least one of a polycarbonate, a polyolefin, a polyurethane, and CR 39.
 - 31. (Original) A method of storing data comprising:

providing an optical storage medium comprising a substrate, a recording layer, and a protective layer; and

using a light source to record information onto the recording layer,

wherein the substrate comprises a substrate material having a refractive index and a plurality of nanoparticles having a refractive index greater than that of the substrate material and being included in the substrate material at such a density that the refractive index of the substrate is greater than that of the substrate material without decreasing the transparency of the substrate.

- 32. (Original) A method of claim 31, wherein the information comprises audio data.
- 33. (Original) A method of claim 31, wherein the information comprises text data.

- 34. (Original) A method of claim 31, wherein the information comprises audio data and video data.
- 35. (Original) The method of claim 32, wherein the light source is selected from a laser and a LED.
 - 36. (Withdrawn) A coating for an ocular device comprising: a matrix material; and

nanoparticles dispersed within the matrix material to provide scratch resistance to the surface of the matrix material.

- 37. (Withdrawn) The coating of claim 36, wherein the matrix material is at least one of a material forming a scratch resistant coating, a UV coating, a mirror coating, and an anti-reflection coating.
- 38. (Withdrawn) The coating of claim 36, wherein the nanoparticles comprise at least one of titanium dioxide (TiO₂), magnesium oxide (MgO), yttria (YtO), zirconia (ZrO₂), silicon oxide (SiO_x), CeO_x, alumina (Al₂O₃), lead oxide (PbO_x), carbon nanotubes, a composite of yttria and zirconia, gallium nitride (GaN), silicon nitride, aluminum nitride, zinc selenide (ZnSe), zinc sulfide (ZnS), and an alloy comprising Zn, Se, S, and Te (Tellurium).
 - 39. (Withdrawn) A method for coating an ocular device comprising:

providing a matrix material;

dispersing nanoparticles within the matrix material; and

applying the matrix material with the dispersed nanoparticles therein on a surface of the ocular device.

- 40. (Withdrawn) A method of claim 39, wherein the nanoparticles comprise at least one of an oxide, a nitride, a sulfide, a carbide, and a selenide.
- 41. (Withdrawn) A method of claim 39, wherein the nanoparticles comprise at least one of titanium dioxide (TiO₂), magnesium oxide (MgO), yttria (YtO), zirconia (ZrO₂), silicon oxide (SiO_x), CeO_x, alumina (Al₂O₃), lead oxide (PbO_x), carbon nanotubes, a composite of yttria and zirconia, gallium nitride (GaN), silicon nitride, aluminum nitride, zinc selenide (ZnSe), zinc sulfide (ZnS), and an alloy comprising Zn, Se, S, and Te (Tellurium).
- 42. (Withdrawn) A method of claim 39, wherein the matrix material and the dispersed nanoparticles form at least one of a scratch resistant coating, a UV coating, a mirror coating, and an anti-reflection coating.
 - 43. (Withdrawn) An ocular device comprising:
 - a first matrix material; and
 - a coating comprising a second matrix material and a plurality of nanoparticles.

- 44. (Withdrawn) An ocular device of claim 43, wherein the first matrix material is at least one of a plastic and a glass.
- 45 (Withdrawn) The ocular device of claim 43, wherein the first matrix material is at least one a polycarbonate, a polyolefin, a polyurethane, and CR 39.
- 46. (Withdrawn) The ocular device of claim 43, wherein the second matrix material forms at least on of a scratch resistant coating, a UV coating, a mirror coating, and an anti-reflection coating
- 47. (Withdrawn) The ocular device of claim 43, wherein the nanoparticles comprise at least one of an oxide, a nitride, a sulfide, a carbide, and a selenide.
- 48. (Withdrawn) The ocular device of claim 43, wherein the nanoparticles comprise at least one of titanium dioxide (TiO₂), magnesium oxide (MgO), yttria (YtO), zirconia (ZrO₂), silicon oxide (SiO_x), CeO_x, alumina (Al₂O₃), lead oxide (PbO_x), carbon nanotubes, a composite of yttria and zirconia, gallium nitride (GaN), silicon nitride, aluminum nitride, zinc selenide (ZnSe), zinc sulfide (ZnS), and an alloy comprising Zn, Se, S, and Te (Tellurium).
- 49. (Withdrawn) The ocular device of claim 43, wherein the nanoparticles are coated to prevent agglomeration.